



REMINGTON 8' ELECTRIC TELESCOPING SAW



SAFETY FEATURES

READ AND UNDERSTAND ALL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE OPERATING SAW

- Restrict the use of this telescoping saw to adult users who understand and can follow safety rules, precautions, and operating instructions found in this document.
- Wear protective gear. Wear safety goggles and hearing protection when operating this product. Wear heavy, long pants, boots, and gloves. Do not wear loose fitting clothing, short pants, or go barefoot. Secure long hair above shoulder level to prevent entanglement in moving parts.
- Do not operate the telescoping saw
 - while under the influence of alcohol, medication, or drugs
 - in rain or in damp or wet areas
 - where highly flammable liquids or gases are present
 - if pole or saw is damaged, adjusted wrong, or not fully and securely assembled
 - if trigger does not turn saw on and off. Chain must stop moving when you release trigger.
 - while in a hurry
 - while in a tree or on a ladder
- Wear snug-fitting clothes when operating Pole Saw or chain saw. Do not wear loose clothing or jewelry. They can get caught in moving saw chain.
- Wear the following safety gear when operating saws:
 - Heavy-duty gloves
 - Steel-toed safety footwear with non-skid soles
 - Eye protection such as safety glasses, goggles, or a face screen
 - Safety hard hat
 - Ear mufflers or ear plugs
 - Hair covering to contain long hair
 - Face or dust mask (if working in dusty areas)
- Before cutting, always provide a clear work area, secure footing, and a planned retreat path from falling limbs.
- Inspect tree before trimming. Make allowance for branches to fall freely to the ground.
- Do not use your Pole Saw to fell saplings. Use the chain saw without pole attachment.

WHILE OPERATING POLE SAW

- Stay alert. Keep all parts of body away from chain when saw is running.
- Be aware of extension cord while operating chain saw. Be careful not to trip over cord. Keep cord away from chain and operator at all times.
- Do not use the Pole Saw to cut down trees. Do not cut down a tree unless you are trained or have expert help.
- Grip Pole Saw securely – one hand on the pole, the other on the handle.
- Keep finger off trigger until ready to make cut, and make sure chain is not touching anything.
- Do not force chain saw while cutting. Apply light pressure. It will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was intended.
- When cutting limb or tree trunk that is under tension, use extreme caution. Be alert for wood springing back. When wood tension is released, limb could spring back and strike operator.
- Carry Pole Saw from one place to another with telescoping pole returned to shortest position, by holding pole at balance point (close to saw end), and with guide bar and chain to rear.
- Do not cut small brush and saplings with the Pole Saw. Use the chain saw only, with extreme care. Slender matter may catch in the chain and be whipped toward you. This could also pull you off balance.

KICKBACK WARNING: Avoid kickback, which can result in a serious injury. **Kickback** is the backward, upward, or sudden forward motion of the guide bar that occurs when the saw chain, at the nose of the guide bar, contact an object such as a log or branch. Kickback can lead to dangerous loss of control of the chain saw.

- **Rotational Kickback** can occur when the moving chain contacts an object at the upper tip of the guide bar. This contact can cause the chain to dig into the object, which stops the chain for an instant. The result is a lightning fast, reverse reaction which kicks the guide bar up and back toward the operator.
- **Pinch-Kickback** can occur when the wood closes in and pinches the moving saw chain in the cut along the top of the guide bar and the saw chain is suddenly stopped. This sudden stopping of the chain results in a reversal of the chain force used to cut wood and causes the saw to move in the opposite direction of the chain rotation. The saw is driven straight back toward the operator.
- **Pull-in** can occur when the moving chain contacts a foreign object in the wood in the cut along the bottom of the guide bar and the saw chain is suddenly stopped. This sudden stopping pulls the saw forward and away from the operator and could easily cause the operator to lose control of the saw.

REDUCE THE CHANCE OF KICKBACK

- Recognize that kickback can happen. With a basic understanding of kickback, you can reduce the element of surprise, which contributes to accidents.
- Never let the moving chain contact any object at the tip of the guide bar.
- Keep the working area free from obstructions, such as other trees, branches, rocks, fences, stumps, etc. Eliminate or avoid any obstruction that your saw chain could hit while you are cutting. When cutting a branch, do not let the guide bar contact branch or other object around it.
- Keep the chain saw sharp and properly tensioned. A loose or dull chain can increase the chance of kickback occurring.
- Begin and continue cutting at full speed. If the chain is moving at a slower speed, there is a greater chance of kickback occurring.
- Cut one log at a time.
- Use extreme caution when re-entering a previous cut.
- Watch for shifting logs or other forces that could close a cut and pinch or fall into the chain.

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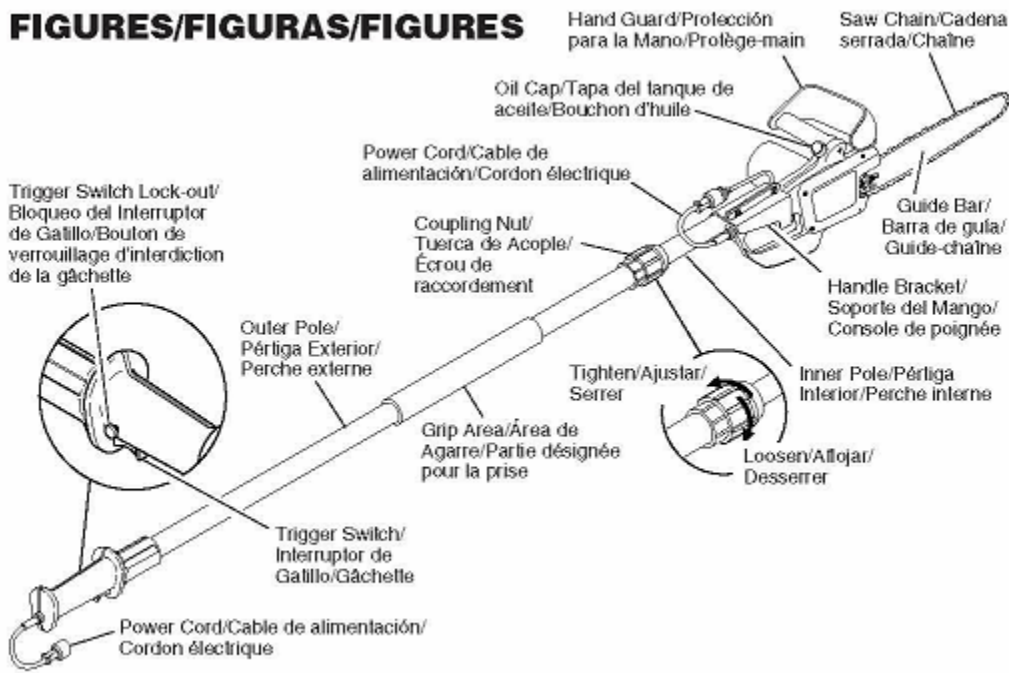


Figure 1 - Pole Saw Product Identification

SAW CHAIN TENSION ADJUSTMENT

1. Before adjusting chain, make sure guide bar nuts are only finger tight. Also make sure adjusting block is in oval adjusting hole on guide bar.
2. Turn adjusting screw clockwise until all slack is out of chain. There should be no gap between side links of chain and bottom of guide bar.
3. Wearing protective gloves, move chain around guide bar. Chain should move freely. If chain does not move freely, loosen chain by turning adjusting screw counterclockwise.
4. After chain tension is correct, tighten guide bar nuts firmly. If not, guide bar will move and loosen chain tension. This will increase the risk of kickback. This can also damage saw.

ADJUSTING POLE LENGTH

The Remington Pole Saw has a telescoping pole assembly that will extend from 57 inches (fully retracted) to 96 inches (fully extended). A cam levered collet is used to hold the pole in position at any extended length.

1. To extend the pole, loosen the clamping lever. Pole will slide freely.
2. Pull inner pole section out to desired length of extension. *Note:* Only extend pole to minimum length required to reach limb that is being cut.
3. To lock pole in position, tighten clamping lever.

TRIMMING A TREE (PRUNING)

1. Make first cut six inches from tree trunk on underside of limb. Use top of guide bar to make this cut. Cut 1/3 through diameter of limb.
2. Move two to four inches farther out on limb. Make second cut from above limb. Continue cut until you cut limb off.
3. Make third cut as close to tree trunk as possible on underside of limb stub. Use top of guide bar to make this cut. Cut 1/3 through diameter of stub.
4. Make fourth cut directly above third cut. Cut down to make third cut. This will remove limb stub.

OILING CHAIN

- Always check oil level before using saw.
- Do not attempt to operate the oil system while saw is in operation.
- To oil chain, press squeeze bulb. Oil will feed onto the guide bar and chain.
- Press squeeze bulb at least once before each cut.
- Check oil level often by looking at oil sight level hole. Oil sight level hole is on left side of saw, between front handle and front hand guard.

CUTTING WITH THE POLE SAW

1. Connect saw to extension cord. Connect extension cord to power supply.
2. Use both hands to grip Pole Saw. Use only designated grip areas when operating Pole Saw (see Figure 9). **DO NOT EXTEND ARMS ABOVE SHOULDERS WHEN USING POLE SAW.** Use firm grip. Thumbs and fingers must wrap around Pole Saw handle and pole.
3. Make sure your footing is firm. Keep feet apart. Divide your weight evenly on both feet.
4. When ready to make a cut, press in trigger switch lock-out and squeeze trigger switch. This will turn Pole Saw on. Releasing trigger switch will turn Pole Saw off. Make sure saw is running at full speed before starting a cut.
5. When starting a cut, place moving chain against wood. Hold Pole Saw firmly in place to avoid possible bouncing or skating (sideways movement) of saw.
6. Guide Pole Saw using light pressure. Do not force Pole Saw. The motor will overload and can burn out. It will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it is intended.
7. Remove Pole Saw from a cut with saw running at full speed. Stop Pole Saw by releasing trigger. Make sure chain has stopped before setting Pole Saw down.



Figure 9 - Designated Grip Areas